## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

#### SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1266

Chapter 325, Laws of 2005

59th Legislature 2005 Regular Session

# COMMERCIAL DRIVERS--TRANSIT OPERATORS--DRUG AND ALCOHOL TEST REPORTING

#### EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/24/05

Passed by the House April 20, 2005 Yeas 94 Nays 1

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 14, 2005 Yeas 45 Nays 0

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Approved May 9, 2005.

CERTIFICATE

I, Richard Nafziger, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1266** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

RICHARD NAFZIGER

Chief Clerk

FILED

May 9, 2005 - 3:13 p.m.

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

## SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1266

#### AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2005 Regular Session

### State of Washington 59th Legislature 2005 Regular Session

**By** House Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Representatives Murray, Woods and Kenney; by request of Department of Licensing)

READ FIRST TIME 02/15/05.

AN ACT Relating to positive drug or alcohol test results of commercial motor vehicle operators; amending RCW 46.25.010, 46.25.123, 46.25.125, and 46.25.090; and creating a new section.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. It is the intent of the legislature to promote the safety of drivers and passengers on Washington roads and 6 7 public transportation systems. To this end, Washington has established 8 a reporting requirement for employers of commercial drivers who test 9 positive for unlawful substances. The legislature recognizes that 10 transit operators and their employers are an asset to the public transportation system and continuously strive to provide a safe and 11 12 efficient mode of travel. In light of this, the legislature further 13 intends that the inclusion of transit employers in the reporting 14 requirements serve only to enhance the current efforts of these 15 dedicated employers and employees as they continue to provide a safe public transportation system to the citizens of Washington. 16

17 **Sec. 2.** RCW 46.25.010 and 2004 c 187 s 2 are each amended to read 18 as follows:

The definitions set forth in this section apply throughout this
 chapter.

3 (1) "Alcohol" means any substance containing any form of alcohol,
4 including but not limited to ethanol, methanol, propanol, and
5 isopropanol.

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(2) "Alcohol concentration" means:

7 (a) The number of grams of alcohol per one hundred milliliters of8 blood; or

9 (b) The number of grams of alcohol per two hundred ten liters of 10 breath.

(3) "Commercial driver's license" (CDL) means a license issued in accordance with the requirements of this chapter to an individual that authorizes the individual to drive a class of commercial motor vehicle.

14 (4) The "commercial driver's license information system" (CDLIS) is 15 the information system established pursuant to the CMVSA to serve as a 16 clearinghouse for locating information related to the licensing and 17 identification of commercial motor vehicle drivers.

18 (5) "Commercial driver's instruction permit" means a permit issued19 under RCW 46.25.060(5).

20 (6) "Commercial motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle designed or 21 used to transport passengers or property:

(a) If the vehicle has a gross vehicle weight rating of 26,001 ormore pounds;

(b) If the vehicle is designed to transport sixteen or morepassengers, including the driver;

26 (c) If the vehicle is transporting hazardous materials as defined 27 in this section; or

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(d) If the vehicle is a school bus regardless of weight or size.

(7) "Conviction" has the definition set forth in RCW 46.20.270.

30 (8) "Disqualification" means a prohibition against driving a 31 commercial motor vehicle.

(9) "Drive" means to drive, operate, or be in physical control of a motor vehicle in any place open to the general public for purposes of vehicular traffic. For purposes of RCW 46.25.100, 46.25.110, and 46.25.120, "drive" includes operation or physical control of a motor vehicle anywhere in the state.

37 (10) "Drugs" are those substances as defined by RCW 69.04.009,

including, but not limited to, those substances defined by 49 C.F.R.
 40.3.

3 (11) "Employer" means any person, including the United States, a 4 state, or a political subdivision of a state, who owns or leases a 5 commercial motor vehicle, or assigns a person to drive a commercial 6 motor vehicle.

7 (12) "Gross vehicle weight rating" (GVWR) means the value specified 8 by the manufacturer as the maximum loaded weight of a single or a 9 combination or articulated vehicle, or the registered gross weight, 10 where this value cannot be determined. The GVWR of a combination or 11 articulated vehicle, commonly referred to as the "gross combined weight 12 rating" or GCWR, is the GVWR of the power unit plus the GVWR of the 13 towed unit or units.

14 (13) "Hazardous materials" means any material that has been 15 designated as hazardous under 49 U.S.C. Sec. 5103 and is required to be 16 placarded under subpart F of 49 C.F.R. part 172 or any quantity of a 17 material listed as a select agent or toxin in 42 C.F.R. part 73.

18 (14) "Motor vehicle" means a vehicle, machine, tractor, trailer, or 19 semitrailer propelled or drawn by mechanical power used on highways, or 20 any other vehicle required to be registered under the laws of this 21 state, but does not include a vehicle, machine, tractor, trailer, or 22 semitrailer operated exclusively on a rail.

(15) "Out-of-service order" means a temporary prohibition againstdriving a commercial motor vehicle.

25 (16) <u>"Positive alcohol confirmation test" means an alcohol</u> 26 <u>confirmation test that:</u>

27 (a) Has been conducted by a breath alcohol technician under 49
 28 C.F.R. 40; and

(b) Indicates an alcohol concentration of 0.04 or more.

30 <u>A report that a person has refused an alcohol test, under</u> 31 <u>circumstances that constitute the refusal of an alcohol test under 49</u> 32 <u>C.F.R. 40, will be considered equivalent to a report of a positive</u> 33 <u>alcohol confirmation test for the purposes of this chapter.</u>

34 (17) "School bus" means a commercial motor vehicle used to 35 transport preprimary, primary, or secondary school students from home 36 to school, from school to home, or to and from school-sponsored events. 37 School bus does not include a bus used as a common carrier.

38 ((<del>(17)</del>)) <u>(18)</u> "Serious traffic violation" means:

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(a) Excessive speeding, defined as fifteen miles per hour or more
 in excess of the posted limit;

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(b) Reckless driving, as defined under state or local law;

4 (c) A violation of a state or local law relating to motor vehicle
5 traffic control, other than a parking violation, arising in connection
6 with an accident or collision resulting in death to any person;

7 (d) Driving a commercial motor vehicle without obtaining a
8 commercial driver's license;

9 (e) Driving a commercial motor vehicle without a commercial 10 driver's license in the driver's possession; however, any individual 11 who provides proof to the court by the date the individual must appear 12 in court or pay any fine for such a violation, that the individual held 13 a valid CDL on the date the citation was issued, is not guilty of a 14 "serious traffic offense";

(f) Driving a commercial motor vehicle without the proper class of commercial driver's license endorsement or endorsements for the specific vehicle group being operated or for the passenger or type of cargo being transported; and

(g) Any other violation of a state or local law relating to motor vehicle traffic control, other than a parking violation, that the department determines by rule to be serious.

22 (((<del>(18)</del>))) <u>(19)</u> "State" means a state of the United States and the 23 District of Columbia.

24 ((<del>(19)</del>)) <u>(20) "Substance abuse professional" means an alcohol and</u> 25 <u>drug specialist meeting the credentials, knowledge, training, and</u> 26 <u>continuing education requirements of 49 C.F.R. 40.281.</u>

27 (21) "Tank vehicle" means a vehicle that is designed to transport 28 a liquid or gaseous material within a tank that is either permanently 29 or temporarily attached to the vehicle or the chassis. Tank vehicles 30 include, but are not limited to cargo tanks and portable tanks. 31 However, this definition does not include portable tanks having a rated 32 capacity under one thousand gallons.

33 (((20))) (22) "United States" means the fifty states and the 34 District of Columbia.

35 (23) "Verified positive drug test" means a drug test result or 36 validity testing result from a laboratory certified under the authority 37 of the federal department of health and human services that:

(a) Indicates a drug concentration at or above the cutoff 1 2 concentration established under 49 C.F.R. 40.87; and 3 (b) Has undergone review and final determination by a medical review officer. 4 A report that a person has refused a drug test, under circumstances 5 that constitute the refusal of a federal department of transportation б drug test under 49 C.F.R. 40, will be considered equivalent to a report 7 of a verified positive drug test for the purposes of this chapter. 8 9 **Sec. 3.** RCW 46.25.123 and 2002 c 272 s 1 are each amended to read as follows: 10 11 (1) All medical review officers or breath alcohol technicians hired 12 by or under contract to a motor carrier or employer who employs drivers who operate commercial motor vehicles and who is required to have a 13 testing program conducted under the procedures established by 49 C.F.R. 14 ((382)) 40 or to a consortium the carrier or employer belongs to, as 15 16 defined in 49 C.F.R. ((<del>382.17</del>)) <u>40.3</u>, shall report the finding of a 17 commercial motor vehicle driver's ((confirmed)) verified positive drug 18 test or positive alcohol confirmation test to the department of 19 licensing on a form provided by the department. If the employer is 20 required to have a testing program under 49 C.F.R. 655, a report of a 21 verified positive drug test or positive alcohol confirmation test must not be forwarded to the department under this subsection unless the 22 23 test is a pre-employment drug test conducted under 49 C.F.R. 655.41 or a pre-employment alcohol test conducted under 49 C.F.R. 655.42. 24

25 (2)(a) A motor carrier or employer who employs drivers who operate 26 commercial motor vehicles and who is required to have a testing program conducted under the procedures established by 49 C.F.R. 40, or the 27 consortium the carrier or employer belongs to, must report a refusal by 28 a commercial motor vehicle driver to take a drug or alcohol test, under 29 circumstances that constitute the refusal of a test under 49 C.F.R. 40 30 and where such refusal has not been reported by a medical review 31 officer or breath alcohol technician, to the department of licensing on 32 33 a form provided by the department.

34 (b) An employer who is required to have a testing program under 49
35 C.F.R. 655 must report a commercial motor vehicle driver's verified
36 positive drug test or a positive alcohol confirmation test when: (i)
37 The driver's employment has been terminated or the driver has resigned;

(ii) any grievance process, up to but not including arbitration, has
 been concluded; and (iii) at the time of termination or resignation the
 driver has not been cleared to return to safety-sensitive functions.

(3) Motor carriers, employers, or consortiums shall make it a 4 written condition of their contract or agreement with a medical review 5 officer or breath alcohol technician, regardless of the state where the б 7 medical review officer or breath alcohol technician is located, that the medical review officer or breath alcohol technician is required to 8 report all Washington state licensed drivers who have a ((confirmed)) 9 10 verified positive drug test or positive alcohol confirmation test to the department of licensing within three business days of the 11 ((confirmed test)) verification or confirmation. Failure to obtain 12 13 this contractual condition or agreement with the medical review officer 14 or breath alcohol technician by the motor carrier, employer, or consortium, or failure to report a refusal as required by subsection 15 (2) of this section, will result in an administrative fine as provided 16 17 in RCW <u>46.32.100 or</u> 81.04.405.

18 (4) Substances obtained for testing may not be used for any purpose 19 other than drug or alcohol testing under 49 C.F.R. ((382)) <u>40</u>.

20 Sec. 4. RCW 46.25.125 and 2002 c 272 s 2 are each amended to read 21 as follows:

22 (1) When the department of licensing receives a report from a 23 medical review officer ((or)), breath alcohol technician, employer, 24 contractor, or consortium that ((the holder of a commercial driver's license)) <u>a driver</u> has a ((confirmed)) verified positive drug test or 25 26 positive alcohol confirmation test, ((either)) as part of the testing 27 program ((required by)) conducted under 49 C.F.R. ((382 or as part of a preemployment drug test)) 40, the department shall disqualify the 28 driver from driving a commercial motor vehicle under RCW 46.25.090(7) 29 subject to a hearing as provided in this section. The department shall 30 31 notify the person in writing of the disqualification by first class The notice must explain the procedure for the person to request 32 mail. 33 a hearing.

(2) A person disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle
 for having a ((confirmed)) verified positive drug test or positive
 alcohol confirmation test may request a hearing to challenge the
 disqualification within twenty days from the date notice is given. If

1 the request for a hearing is mailed, it must be postmarked within 2 twenty days after the department has given notice of the 3 disqualification.

4 (3) The hearing must be conducted in the county of the person's
5 residence, except that the department may conduct all or part of the
6 hearing by telephone or other electronic means.

7 (4) For the purposes of this section, or for the purpose of a hearing de novo in an appeal to superior court, the hearing must be 8 limited to the following issues: (a) Whether the driver is the person 9 who ((took the drug or alcohol test)) is the subject of the report; (b) 10 whether the motor carrier, employer, or consortium has a program that 11 12 ((meets)) is subject to the federal requirements under 49 C.F.R. 13 ((382)) 40; and (c) whether the medical review officer or breath alcohol technician making the report accurately followed the protocols 14 ((for testing)) established to ((certify)) verify or confirm the 15 results, or if the driver refused a test, whether the circumstances 16 17 constitute the refusal of a test under 49 C.F.R. 40. Evidence may be presented to demonstrate that the test results are a false positive. 18 For the purpose of a hearing under this section, a copy of ((the)) <u>a</u> 19 positive test result with a declaration by the tester or medical review 20 21 officer or breath alcohol technician stating the accuracy of the 22 laboratory protocols followed to arrive at the test result is prima 23 facie evidence:

24 <u>(i) Of a ((confirmed)) verified</u> positive drug <u>test</u> or <u>positive</u> 25 alcohol <u>confirmation</u> test result<u>;</u>

(ii) That the motor carrier, employer, or consortium has a program
 that is subject to the federal requirements under 49 C.F.R. 40; and

(iii) That the medical review officer or breath alcohol technician
 making the report accurately followed the protocols for testing
 established to verify or confirm the results.

31 After the hearing, the department shall order the disqualification 32 of the person either be rescinded or sustained.

(5) If the person does not request a hearing within the twenty-day time limit, or if the person fails to appear at a hearing, the person has waived the right to a hearing and the department shall sustain the disqualification.

37 (6) A decision by the department disqualifying a person from38 driving a commercial motor vehicle is stayed and does not take effect

while a formal hearing is pending under this section or during the 1 2 pendency of a subsequent appeal to superior court so long as there is no conviction for a moving violation or no finding that the person has 3 committed a traffic infraction that is a moving violation and the 4 5 department receives no further report of a ((confirmed)) verified positive drug <u>test</u> or <u>positive</u> alcohol <u>confirmation</u> test during the 6 If the disqualification is 7 pendency of the hearing and appeal. sustained after the hearing, the person who is disqualified may file a 8 9 petition in the superior court of the county of his or her residence to 10 review the final order of disqualification by the department in the manner provided in RCW 46.20.334. 11

12 (7) The department of licensing may adopt rules specifying further 13 requirements for requesting <u>and conducting</u> a hearing under this 14 section.

15 (8) The department of licensing is not civilly liable for damage 16 resulting from disqualifying a driver based on a ((confirmed)) verified 17 positive drug <u>test</u> or <u>positive</u> alcohol <u>confirmation</u> test result as 18 required by this section or for damage resulting from release of this 19 information that occurs in the normal course of business.

20 Sec. 5. RCW 46.25.090 and 2004 c 187 s 7 are each amended to read 21 as follows:

(1) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for a period of not less than one year if a report has been received by the department pursuant to RCW 46.25.120, or if the person has been convicted of a first violation, within this or any other jurisdiction, of:

27 (a) Driving a motor vehicle under the influence of alcohol or any28 drug;

(b) Driving a commercial motor vehicle while the alcohol concentration in the person's system is 0.04 or more as determined by any testing methods approved by law in this state or any other state or jurisdiction;

33 (c) Leaving the scene of an accident involving a motor vehicle 34 driven by the person;

35 (d) Using a motor vehicle in the commission of a felony;

36 (e) Refusing to submit to a test to determine the driver's alcohol 37 concentration while driving a motor vehicle;

1 (f) Driving a commercial motor vehicle when, as a result of prior 2 violations committed while operating a commercial motor vehicle, the 3 driver's commercial driver's license is revoked, suspended, or 4 canceled, or the driver is disqualified from operating a commercial 5 motor vehicle;

6 (g) Causing a fatality through the negligent operation of a 7 commercial motor vehicle, including but not limited to the crimes of 8 vehicular homicide and negligent homicide.

9 If any of the violations set forth in this subsection occurred 10 while transporting hazardous material, the person is disqualified for 11 a period of not less than three years.

12 (2) A person is disqualified for life if it has been determined 13 that the person has committed or has been convicted of two or more 14 violations of any of the offenses specified in subsection (1) of this 15 section, or any combination of those offenses, arising from two or more 16 separate incidents.

17 (3) The department may adopt rules, in accordance with federal 18 regulations, establishing guidelines, including conditions, under which 19 a disqualification for life under subsection (2) of this section may be 20 reduced to a period of not less than ten years.

(4) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for life who uses a motor vehicle in the commission of a felony involving the manufacture, distribution, or dispensing of a controlled substance, as defined by chapter 69.50 RCW, or possession with intent to manufacture, distribute, or dispense a controlled substance, as defined by chapter 69.50 RCW.

(5) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motorvehicle for a period of:

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(a) Not less than sixty days if:

30 (i) Convicted of or found to have committed a second serious 31 traffic violation while driving a commercial motor vehicle; or

32 (ii) Convicted of reckless driving, where there has been a prior 33 serious traffic violation; or

34 (b) Not less than one hundred twenty days if:

(i) Convicted of or found to have committed a third or subsequent serious traffic violation while driving a commercial motor vehicle; or (ii) Convicted of reckless driving, where there has been two or more prior serious traffic violations.

For purposes of determining prior serious traffic violations under this subsection, each conviction of or finding that a driver has committed a serious traffic violation while driving a commercial motor vehicle or noncommercial motor vehicle, arising from a separate incident occurring within a three-year period, must be counted.

6 (6) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor 7 vehicle for a period of:

8 (a) Not less than ninety days nor more than one year if convicted 9 of or found to have committed a first violation of an out-of-service 10 order while driving a commercial vehicle;

(b) Not less than one year nor more than five years if, during a ten-year period, the person is convicted of or is found to have committed two violations of out-of-service orders while driving a commercial motor vehicle in separate incidents;

15 (c) Not less than three years nor more than five years if, during 16 a ten-year period, the person is convicted of or is found to have 17 committed three or more violations of out-of-service orders while 18 driving commercial <u>motor</u> vehicles in separate incidents;

(d) Not less than one hundred eighty days nor more than two years 19 if the person is convicted of or is found to have committed a first 20 21 violation of an out-of-service order while transporting hazardous 22 materials, or while operating motor vehicles designed to transport sixteen or more passengers, including the driver. 23 A person is 24 disqualified for a period of not less than three years nor more than 25 five years if, during a ten-year period, the person is convicted of or is found to have committed subsequent violations of out-of-service 26 27 orders, in separate incidents, while transporting hazardous materials, or while operating motor vehicles designed to transport sixteen or more 28 29 passengers, including the driver.

(7) A person is disgualified from driving a commercial motor 30 31 vehicle if a report has been received by the department under RCW 32 46.25.125 that the person has received a ((<del>confirmed</del>)) verified positive drug <u>test</u> or <u>positive</u> alcohol <u>confirmation</u> test ((either)) as 33 part of the testing program ((required by 49 C.F.R. 382 or)) conducted 34 <u>under</u> 49 C.F.R. 40 ((<del>or as part of a preemployment drug test</del>)). 35 Α disqualification under this subsection remains in effect until the 36 37 person undergoes a drug and alcohol assessment by ((an agency certified 38 by the department of social and health services and, if the person is

classified as an alcoholic, drug addict, alcohol abuser, or drug 1 2 abuser, until)) a substance abuse professional meeting the requirements of 49 C.F.R. 40, and the person presents evidence of satisfactory 3 participation in or successful completion of a drug or alcohol 4 5 treatment <u>and/or education</u> program ((that has been certified by the department of social and health services under chapter 70.96A RCW)) as 6 7 recommended by the substance abuse professional, and until the person 8 has met the requirements of RCW 46.25.100. The ((agency making a drug and alcohol assessment under this section)) substance abuse 9 professional shall forward a diagnostic evaluation and treatment 10 recommendation to the department of licensing for use in determining 11 12 the person's eligibility for driving a commercial motor vehicle. 13 Persons who are disqualified under this subsection more than twice in 14 a five-year period are disqualified for life.

(8)(a) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor vehicle for the period of time specified in (b) of this subsection if he or she is convicted of or is found to have committed one of the following six offenses at a railroad-highway grade crossing while operating a commercial motor vehicle in violation of a federal, state, or local law or regulation:

(i) For drivers who are not required to always stop, failing to
slow down and check that the tracks are clear of an approaching train;
(ii) For drivers who are not required to always stop, failing to

24 stop before reaching the crossing, if the tracks are not clear;

25 (iii) For drivers who are always required to stop, failing to stop 26 before driving onto the crossing;

(iv) For all drivers, failing to have sufficient space to drivecompletely through the crossing without stopping;

(v) For all drivers, failing to obey a traffic control device or
 the directions of an enforcement officer at the crossing;

31 (vi) For all drivers, failing to negotiate a crossing because of 32 insufficient undercarriage clearance.

33 (b) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor 34 vehicle for a period of:

35 (i) Not less than sixty days if the driver is convicted of or is 36 found to have committed a first violation of a railroad-highway grade 37 crossing violation;

1 (ii) Not less than one hundred twenty days if the driver is 2 convicted of or is found to have committed a second railroad-highway 3 grade crossing violation in separate incidents within a three-year 4 period;

5 (iii) Not less than one year if the driver is convicted of or is 6 found to have committed a third or subsequent railroad-highway grade 7 crossing violation in separate incidents within a three-year period.

8 (9) A person is disqualified from driving a commercial motor 9 vehicle for not more than one year if a report has been received by the 10 department from the federal motor carrier safety administration that 11 the person's driving has been determined to constitute an imminent 12 hazard as defined by 49 C.F.R. 383.5.

(10) Within ten days after suspending, revoking, or canceling a commercial driver's license or disqualifying a driver from operating a commercial motor vehicle, the department shall update its records to reflect that action.

> Passed by the House April 20, 2005. Passed by the Senate April 14, 2005. Approved by the Governor May 9, 2005. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 9, 2005.